## Value Assessment

A process that brings together many stakeholders to evaluate the clinical, economic, social, organizational, and ethical issues for a specific health intervention or health technology (such as a drug) and can involve a review of:





Clinical Evidence Compared to Existing Care



Health Care Costs



Social and Ethical Impacts on the Health Care System and the Lives of Patients

### Value Framework val·ue frame·work val-(-)yü 'frām-,wərk

Describes the approach used by a specific organization to compare and quantify the positives, negatives, and costs for one or more treatments to assess which seems to be the best choice. Simply put, it's a blueprint on how that organization conducts a value assessment, the method it uses. Value frameworks typically describe the types of data that a value assessment body will consider and which methods they will use to conduct a value assessment. Example data sources and methods include:



#### DATA 🗐 🖟 👯

Clinical trials Literature review

Focus groups or interviews Lived experiences

Census data with patients

Surveys of patients Preference weights

Administrative health data Patient registries

#### **METHODS**

Patient preference analyses Open meetings

Qualitative analyses Cost-Effectiveness Analyses

Public comment period

Multi-criteria decision analyses

Cost-utility Analysis

Network meta-analysis

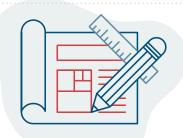
Testimony

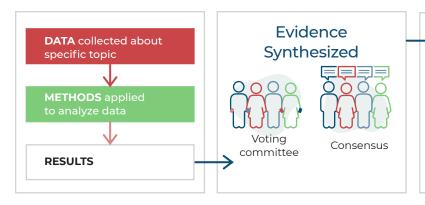
Budget impact analysis

# A Value Assessment: a val·ue as·sess·ment \ a 'val-(.)y\(\text{i} \) o-'ses-mont \

#### FRAMEWORK APPLIED TO A SPECIFIC TOPIC

The framework serves as a blueprint to produce a value assessment on a specific topic, such as comparing a class of drugs.





#### Value Recommendation







Decision Aid

Report

The resulting recommendation may be used to guide reimbursement, shared decision-making, or other choices. The assessment results should not drive the decision, but can be incorporated into the decision making process.